In the Claims

Please cancel claim 71 and amend claims 70, 72, 73, and 76-78 as follows.

Claims 1-69 (Canceled)

(Currently Amended) A data recording medium having a plurality of concentric or spiral tracks for recording information represented as marks and spaces between the marks, the marks being formed by emitting to a track recording surface an optical beam modulated by a plurality of drive pulses where where in the drive pulse count is adjusted according to a length of a mark part in the original signal to be recorded to the track, said data recording medium comprising:

a control data zone an area for storing control data formed by pits, said control data comprising:

timing information including at least one of a first pulse movement for modifying a piece of first information for determining a rising edge position of a first pulse of said drive pulses, and a last pulse movement for modifying second information for determining a trailing edge position of a last pulse of said drive pulses; and

an operational power information including at least one of the following: a piece of information for setting a peak power setting, information for setting a bias power setting, and margin information for constant data, said operational power information indicative of light beam power used for recording actual data to the a data area.

71. (Canceled)

(Currently Amended) A data recording medium as claimed in claim 76, wherein said control data in said control data zone further comprises information for asymmetry as one a piece of said operational power information.

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(Currently Amended) A recording and reproducing apparatus for <u>use in</u> recording <u>data to</u> and reproducing <u>data from</u> a data recording medium,

said the data recording medium having a plurality of concentric or spiral tracks for recording information represented as marks and spaces between the marks, the marks being formed by emitting to a track recording surface an optical beam modulated by a plurality of drive pulses where the drive pulse count is adjusted according to a length of a mark part in the original signal to be recorded to the track, said the data recording medium comprising:

a control data zone an area for storing control data, the formed by pits, said control data comprising: timing information including at least one of a first pulse movement for modifying a piece of first information for determining a rising edge position of a first pulse of said the drive pulses, and a last pulse movement for modifying second information for determining a trailing edge position of a last pulse of said the drive pulses; and

an operational power information including at least a piece of information for setting one of the following: a peak power setting, information for setting a bias power setting, and margin information for constant data, said operational power information indicative of light beam power used for recording actual data to the a data area,

said recording and reproducing apparatus comprising:

a reading system that reads the timing information and the operational power information including at least one of peak power, bias power, and margin constant data; and

a determining system that determines drive pulse emission power based on the read timing information and the operational power information.

(Previously Presented) A recording and reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 73, wherein said determining system for determining drive pulse emission power has a random signal generator for generating a random signal.



(Previously Presented) A recording and reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 73, wherein said determining system for determining drive pulse emission power has a simple pattern signal generator for generating a simple pattern signal that is a signal having a single period.

(Currently Amended) A recording and reproducing method for <u>use in</u> recording <u>data to</u> and reproducing <u>data from</u> a data recording medium,

said the data recording medium having a plurality of concentric or spiral tracks for recording information represented as marks and spaces between the marks, the marks being formed by emitting to a track recording surface an optical beam modulated by a plurality of drive pulses where the drive pulse count is adjusted according to a length of a mark part in the original signal to be recorded to the track, said the data recording medium comprising:

a control data zone an area for storing control data formed by pits, said control data comprising:

timing information including at least one of a first pulse movement for modifying a piece of first information for determining a rising edge position of a first pulse of said drive pulses, and a last pulse movement for modifying second information for determining a trailing edge position of a last pulse of said drive pulses; and

an operational power information including at least one of the following: a piece of information for setting a peak power setting, information for setting a bias power setting, and margin information for constant data, said operational power information indicative of light beam power used for recording actual data to the a data area,

said recording and reproducing method comprising:

a reading step that reads the timing information and the operational power information including at least one of peak power, bias power, and margin constant data; and

a determining step that determines dive <u>drive</u> pulse <u>emission power</u> based on the <u>read timing</u> <u>information and the</u> operational power information.



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(Currently Amended) A recording and reproducing method as claimed in claim 76, wherein said determining step for determining drive pulse emission power has a generating step for includes generating a random signal.

(Currently Amended) A recording and reproducing method as claimed in claim 76, wherein said determining step for determining drive pulse emission power has generating step for includes generating a simple pattern signal that is a signal having a single period.